Collaborative learning

Week 22 – 26.7.2021 **Monday to Friday**





Children are supported to collaborate, learn from and help each other.

Looking at the element in detail - A service reviewed what the NQF Guide said about element 5.2.1 and understood educators need to:

- model cooperative behaviour and nurture respectful and reciprocal relationships
- provide time and space for children to collaborate and encourage their active involvement.

Below I've pulled apart the NQS element 5.2.1 and placed what may be observed if you were looking at the children. The second column shows an example, and the third column shows what educators could be doing to meet the element 5.2.1. Evaluate the example in the middle column by identifying the points you can see occurring in the children and educator columns. Underline them and draw a line to the left- and right-hand column's description

What we may observe with children for 5.2.1		Example	What we may observe with educators for 5.2.1			
Children:		Obstacle course construction	Educators:			
Chill O O O O O	dren: participating in play and showing awareness and interest in others developing friendships as part of a small group engaging in enjoyable interactions with their peers, contributing to shared play experiences, and responding positively to ideas and suggestions from others engaged in experiences that support them in establishing and maintaining relationships with children of various ages, genders, cultures and capabilities engaged in ongoing collaborative projects they have initiated that involve research, planning, problem- solving and shared decision making engaged in activities that may benefit others (such as helping re-set experiences or setting the table for a meal) showing kindness and compassion towards their peers negotiating roles and relationships in play and leisure experiences	Obstacle course construction Today Miss Tara helped the children start constructing an obstacle course using some equipment in our sport storeroom and some wooden pallets donated by one of our families. Marlee, Sophie M., Thomas M., and Bella were very enthusiastic helpers, especially as we used the pallets to make obstacles the children could jump on and climb though. Marlee asked, "can I do that one?" referring to hammering the nail into the wood. Miss Tara assisted Marlee to use the equipment safely by getting the nail started then let Marlee continue. Sophie M. asked, "can I do one too?" Miss Tara happily did the same for Sophie; with both Sophie and Marlee spending time hammering their nails, focusing on the task at hand for an extended period of time. Bella and Thomas helped Miss Tara decide how far apart the various obstacles should be and then to measure the distance between them. Miss Tara supported the children to make appropriate decisions and to assess risk by asking the children if they thought the	Educators: supporting children's progress through different stages of play, to help them gain confidence in interacting with their peers modelling collaborative behaviour through their interactions with children and colleagues, to help children to initiate interactions and join in play and social experiences with their peers respectfully and thoughtfully engaging in children's group play and projects supporting children to understand or communicate with each other planning experiences that encourage children to work together to achieve success allocating time for relaxed, unhurried experiences that enable children to collaborate and direct their own learning together creating opportunities for peer scaffolding in small and large group play asking follow-up questions to extend children's learning in group situations promoting a sense of community in the service			
0	spending time with their peers	course would be suitable for the younger children. Thomas suggested they make 2 sets of obstacles for some locations eg lower obstacles for the younger children so they didn't have to jump as high.	 providing opportunities and resources for children to assume leadership roles and direct play experiences with their peers acknowledging older children's complex relationships and sensitively intervening in ways that promote social inclusion 			

Week 22, 26 - 30 July 2021- 5.2.1 Collaborative learning

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The EYLF and MTOP says "Critical reflection involves closely examining all aspects of events and experiences from different perspectives." Pick one of the following reflection points to complete the table below:

- Could your routines and programs be more flexible to support group activities and learning? (included in Improvement example)
- Are there opportunities to promote greater diversity in group activities eg diversity in age, gender, cultural background, interests?
- Are the strategies you use to support children's collaborative learning and interactions working effectively?

Critically reflect through the eyes of:	Write your critical reflection below	What changes did you or will you make because of the reflection?		
a child	I was having fun with my friends playing with levers and pulleys but we had to pack up and move on to the next activity.	The EL spoke with the NS about implementing progressive mealtimes to support a more flexible program. After further discussion with all staff we decided to trial progressive		
an educator	Sometimes I wish things could be just a bit more relaxed, especially when the children are focused on a really interesting activity and would be happy to continue with it.	afternoon tea as this would be good for those children that left early. Educators would set out some grazing options between 3-5 and at least 1 educator would be at the table to supervise and engage with the		
your families	I'd really like the centre to do activities that the kids need to concentrate on for a while. They need this skill at school. Things don't always happen immediately.	children at all times. Some of the benefits we have found to date include less disruption during afternoon tea as the children decide themselves to come to the table, and greater interaction		
theorist and	Critical theorists like Friere believe children have a right to be heard and consulted eg planning considers learning from the child's perspective (EYLF)	between children of different ages.		
current research				



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a child		
an educator		
your families		
theorist and		
current research		

5.2.1

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Complete your QIP

The information you write below can go directly into your QIP or Self-Assessment Tool (SAT) (NSW ONLY) Instructions

For a MEETING QIP and Self-Assessment Tool (SAT)	For Exceeding the QIP and Self-Assessment Tool
Please give an example of a recent activity where children shared play experiences, responded in positive ways to ideas and suggestions made by others or participated in ongoing projects requiring shared research, problem solving and decision making etc.	(SAT) Please explain how you and your team create supportive environments that enable children to collaborate, learn from and help each other eg through group size, use of space, educator interactions etc.
Please give an example of a recent activity where you provided children with extended periods of time to direct their own learning in collaboration with others.	Please explain how you and your team reflect from a social justice and equity perspective on how your how you build active, inclusive and collaborative learning opportunities.
Please give an example where you supported children from diverse backgrounds and abilities to collaborate during play, projects or experiences.	Please give an example of the way you and your team have used family or community input to help children collaborate and respond to others with
tomasorate during play, projects of experiences.	respect and openness (included in QIP strength).
If you cannot answer these questions above the you are not meeting. This means you need to create an improvement plan and make changes to your practice	If you cannot answer these questions above the you are not exceeding. This means you need to create an improvement plan and make changes to your practice

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5.2.1

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Why are you doing the checklist?

The practices identified in the checklist are what the assessor needs to see you do so they can check you're 'meeting the NQS.' If you embed all the things in the checklist, then you are meeting the Element 5.2.1. If there's something on the checklist that you're not doing, then you need to either adjust your practice to do it, or ask for help and training to do what's on the checklist ie work with your educational leader or room leader who should teach/coach you how to do it.

The checklist keys to use.

E = Embedded I do that ALL the time

K = I know I need to do that, but I don't do it all the time

T = Please teach me how to do it or improve my understanding of why I need to do it.

Name Educator 1	
Name Educator 2	
Name Educator 3	
Name Educator 4	
Name Educator 5	

Do you support children to interact with their peers eg teach and model			
positive social skills, interactions and communication, and sensitively			
intervene when required?			
Do you acknowledge children's positive interactions eg co-operating,			
negotiating, problem solving, helping other children?			
Do you plan activities that encourage children to work together in small			
and large groups?			
Do you implement flexible routines and programs which give children			
the time they need/would like to collaborate?			
Do you include plan and implement ongoing group projects that enable			
children to investigate, research, solve problems and make decisions			
together?			
Do you support child-directed learning with questions and activities that			
extend learning?			
Do you participate in children's group play and activities when asked			
(through words or actions) or opportunities arise to extend learning?			
Do you provide opportunities for all children to lead group activities?			
Do you encourage children with skills/strengths/knowledge in particular			
areas to lead or contribute to learning in those areas?			
Do you provide opportunities for children of mixed ages, genders and			
cultural backgrounds to learn from each other through group activities?			
Do you provide opportunities for children who share interests to engage			
in group activities and learning?			
Do you encourage children to collaborate with peers about their culture			
and daily lives?			
Do you implement activities that connect children with their			
community?			
Do you use spaces and materials to encourage small and large group			
interactions and learning eg U shaped spaces?			