1.3.2

Critical Reflection

Week 4 – 21.2.22 Monday to Friday



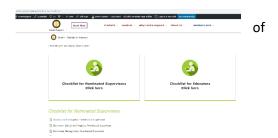
Nominated Supervisor

Law section 168 Offence relating to required programs

- (1) and (2) The approved provider and nominated supervisor must ensure that a program is delivered to all children ... that (a) is based on an approved learning framework; and
- (b) is delivered in a manner that accords with the approved learning framework; and
- (c) is based on the developmental needs, interests and experiences of each child; and
- (d) is designed to take into account the individual differences of each child.

Penalty: \$4000, in the case of an individual. \$20 000, in any other case.

Remember: If you need to use a checklist go to the members area Centre Support's website where every checklist imaginable is available.



1.3.2

Critical Reflection

Week 4 – 21.2.22 Monday to Friday



Compliance test for educators

Instructions: Nominated Supervisor is to conduct the test. Ask one educator at a time in a location that other educators cannot hear or provide support to the educators being asked the question. Record the responses then analyse to see if the educators' responses would place you at risk of a fine. Finally, train the educators that fail to meet the regulations.

Name of educator:

Questions	Response	Pass or Fail
Miss Daisy asked if there's anything in the Regs		
about critical reflection – or is it just an NQS		
requirement? Please respond.		
Miss Violet says she's confused about the		
difference between reflection and evaluation.		
Please explain the difference.		
Mr Ash asks if there's any 'right' way to document		
critical reflection. Is there?		

Name of educator:

Questions	Response	Pass or Fail
Miss Daisy asked if there's anything in the Regs		
about critical reflection – or is it just an NQS		
requirement? Please respond.		
Miss Violet says she's confused about the		
difference between reflection and evaluation.		
Please explain the difference.		
Mr Ash asks if there's any 'right' way to document		
critical reflection. Is there?		

1.3.3

Information for families

Week 3 – 14.2.22 Monday to Friday



Answers from last week - Compliance test for educators

Instructions: Nominated Supervisor is to conduct the test. Ask one educator at a time in a location that other educators cannot hear or provide support to the educators being asked the question. Record the responses then analyse to see if the educators' responses would place you at risk of a fine. Finally, train the educators that fail to meet the regulations.

Name of educator:

Questions	Response	Pass or Fail
Miss Sofie asks if there's anything in the Regs that	The Law section 168 'Offence relating to required	
says educators must involve parents in decisions	programs' provides penalties up to \$20,000 if the	
about their child's learning. She's only found Regs	program's not based on the developmental needs,	
that talk about providing information. Please	interests and experiences of each child, or	
respond.	designed around children's individual differences.	
	It's pretty hard to do this effectively without	
	involving parents in decisions.	
Miss Riley says she knows about Reg 76	Reg 74 is about documenting evaluations of	
'Information about educational program to be	children's learning, and it also says these must be	
given to parents', but it refers to another Reg	easy to understand for other educators and the	
number 74. What's that about and how is it	child's parents.	
relevant? Please explain.	In NSW, NT and QLD the requirement to document	
	evaluations of children's learning is replaced by a	
	requirement to document the development of the	
	program.	
Mr Harrison says the Regs talk about giving parents	'Educational program' is defined in the Regs (Reg	
information about the educational program, and	3) as a program referred to in Section 168 of the	
asks what exactly is meant by 'educational	Law ie an approved learning framework eg	
program.' What's the answer?	EYLF/MTOP	
Miss Marta asks if educators just have to give	No. Reg 76 requires educators to give parents	
parents information about the EYLF/MTOP? Do	information about their child's participation in the	
they?	EYLF/MTOP, and how their child is progressing	
	towards the Learning Outcomes.	

1.3.2

Critical Reflection

Week 4 – 21.2.22 Monday to Friday

In this week's Educational Leader section we asked the question below.

What type of reflection - Technical, Practical or Critical - does this example show and why?

Nate can't sit still. He's disruptive and often wrecks the work of other children. I know he's on the spectrum, and I think we need to work out how to have 'the conversation' with mum. I think she'll find it difficult to accept he may need specialist support, but we need to insist to achieve the best outcome for Nate.

Answer: Practical Reflection because:

- personal opinions and experiences only used no evidence supporting child is on the spectrum and not being affected, for example, by issues at home, activities offered, health issues, interactions with educators or other children
- others' perspectives considered from a personal opinion point of view rather than looking at the evidence considers potential responses from mum and colleagues from personal viewpoint only
- one source of information own opinion
- two-way communication using only one perspective

Week 4, 21 February - 25 February 2022- 1.3.2 Critical Reflection

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7.1.2

Management Systems

Week 4 – 21.2.22 Monday to Friday



The Federal Government's Fair Work website https://www.fairwork.gov.au/ has a lot of simple, easy to understand information about employee entitlements as well as some useful templates. Each week we'll share information from the website. This week we're reviewing Warnings and Disciplinary Action.

An employer may decide to take disciplinary action against an employee because of their underperformance eg the employer may issue a written warning.

Disciplinary action should not be taken lightly. Before taking action, employers should ensure they:

- have a valid reason
- follow a fair process
- consider seeking independent advice.

If performance hasn't improved, employers should think about:

- if another meeting with the employee would be useful
- issuing a first or additional warning
- changing the employee's duties (if appropriate) or providing additional training
- if they have clearly explained the possible consequences of not improving, including termination of employment if this is a possibility.

Termination of employment should only be considered as a final resort. Employers must ensure the employee isn't being unfairly dismissed (we'll look at this in more detail next week.)

There is no general rule about the number of warnings the employee must be given before ending their employment, but an employer should usually give the employee a chance to fix any performance issues. Any warnings given should be in writing, be fair and reasonable in the circumstances, and contain:

- clear reasons for the warning
- all the details
- clear expectations about what needs to be done differently.