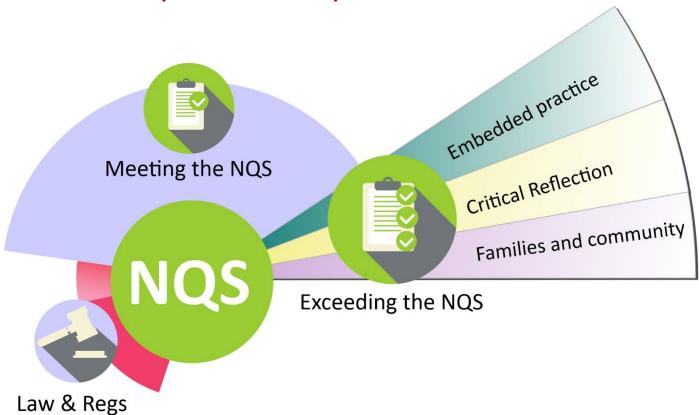
Intentional teaching

Week 4 - 20.2.2023 **Monday to Friday**

Educators are deliberate, purposeful, and thoughtful in their decisions and actions.

Section 2. Examples of what's required for educators.



First step: We must ensure the Law and Regulations are always met. Second step: then we look at the NQS and work through the process of meeting the element. Third step: then we can look at and complete the exceeding themes.

The logo above shows the effort required to do these three components. It should be easy and take little time to meet the Law and Regulations once you know what is required. Meeting then can become everyday practice, while exceeding takes a lot more time, thinking, connecting to families and community and practice change.



Law & Regs

We have covered the Law and Regulations for this element in the previous weeks. They include:

Section 168 Offence relating to required programs and Regulation 73 Educational Program

Evidence to show compliance to the Law and Regs can be found in our curriculum through the use of the learning outcomes.



Looking at the element in detail -Element 1.2.1 educators must be able to:

Meeting the NQS

- select the **best teaching** strategies for particular activities and particular children, and change strategies when needed to promote learning.
- intentionally teach children whenever **opportunities arise** eg during planned/spontaneous activities, during routines, transitions, play.

Below are **four detailed lists** of things that you could focus on improving within your routine to ensure children's learning is maximised.

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Educators **intentionally** teach children during **routines and transitions**. Examples include:

- road safety
- sun safety
- human body needs and how it works
- social skills
- sustainability
- risk assessment
- self-regulation.

Educators regularly use a range of intentional teaching strategies. Examples include:

- open-ended questions
- role modelling
- role plays/drama
- hypothesising
- problem solving
- brainstorming.

Educators organise the **environment to support** their **intentional teaching**. For example:

- displaying road safety signs and spaces
- offering shade and moving it to suit
- placing plants near light/water
- making bigger spaces for ...
- creating suitable spaces for sleep/rest/quiet activities
- creating displays to support social skills
- organising spaces organised to support selfregulation (types of surfaces, size, location of space)
- organising spaces to support risky play and assessment of risk taking.

Educators engage in intentional teaching **spontaneously** during activities/play. For example:

- finding something interesting during outside play or on walking excursions (an insect, plant, or loose part)
- supporting children's positive, and respectful interactions with each other
- considering diverse views and opinions
- extending learning during an activity or excursion
- filling in the "gaps" during activities led by visitors/families so children understand.

 enhancing numeracy/STEM/literacy (in the sandpit, during construction activities, when reading/singing).

Evidence can be seen in practice. Educators select the **best teaching strategies** for particular activities and particular children and change strategies when needed to promote learning. Educators intentionally teach children whenever **opportunities arise** eg during planned/spontaneous activities, during routines, transitions, play. Examples of these practice can be seen in the curriculum documentation and in practice.

Let's look at some of these above points in learning documentation, then evaluate your practice.

All about the brain

The human brain was today's focus as we continue learning about the human body. The children started to apply what they had learnt from the book by speaking about the things that were an interest to them. Miss Lisa then questioned the children on their new knowledge about the brain by asking "what did we learn about the brain?"

Lewi – It works when we are asleep.

Kloe – It's in our head.

Faith - Its inside our skulls.

Gayatri – It helps us think.

Miss Lisa provided the children with a brain diagram to support their investigations and place on 'our body' collage on the door. The children helped by placing the brain in the correct location of the head and told Miss Lisa to use 'lots of glue, so it sticks properly'.

After a long discussion on the brain George asked if we could paint a brain. "Yes, one that looks like spaghetti like the brain." Miss Lisa then provided the children with an opportunity to engage independently with this task by creating their very own brain using shaving foam and glue. We learnt this part of the brain is called the cerebral cortex.

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Intentional teaching

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Why are you doing the checklist?

The practices identified in the checklist are what the assessor needs to see you do so they can check you're 'meeting the NQS.' If there's something on the checklist that you're not doing, you need to adjust your practice to do it, or ask for help and training to implement it ie work with your educational/room leader who should teach/coach you how to do it. This process uses the **summative assessment process** from the **new EYLF**. Educators review your achievements and capabilities at specified or selected timepoints. Please make a judgement about the path you are on to understanding the element.

The checklist keys to use.

E = Embedded I do that ALL the time

K = I know I need to do that, but I don't do it all the time

T = Please **teach** me how to do it or improve my understanding of why I need to do it.

Name Educator 1	
Name Educator 2	
Name Educator 3	
Name Educator 4	
Name Educator 5	

Practices	ED1	ED2	ED3	ED4	ED5
Do you use strategies like modelling and demonstrating, open-ended					
questioning, speculating, explaining and engaging in sustained shared					
conversations to extend children's thinking and learning?					
Do you provide time, space and learning experiences that encourage					
thoughtful and challenging conversations with children?					
Do you engage with children by listening, showing interest and asking open- ended questions to encourage thinking and conversation?					
Do you use a range of communication strategies that involve explanations,					
speculation and problem solving?					
Do you collaborate with children to develop further knowledge and skills?					
Do you provide instructional/intentional support to children during play, routines and transitions?					
Can you show plans and strategies you use to promote learning across all aspects of the program?					
Can you show how intentional teaching strategies are used to extend children's play, including spontaneous experiences?					
Can you show how changes in practices have been implemented to support a child requiring additional assistance or to build respect for diversity?					
Can you show and explain why you decide when to use a particular					
intentional teaching strategy, including the intentional positioning of					
resources or structuring of the learning environment?					
Can you show how you make conscious decisions in a play/leisure based					
program to promote learning and wellbeing?					

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The EYLF and MTOP says. "Evaluation practices involve educators' critical reflection on the effectiveness of their planning and implementation of curriculum for children's learning as part of the planning cycle, both for and with children'. Pick one of the following reflection points to complete the table below:

- The NQF Guide says "assessors may observe educators who are fully present and mindful of opportunities to provide children with time and space to 'be'" (p 120). What do you think this means? How well do you do this?
- Are you stronger in some intentional teaching strategies than others? How could you improve those strategies you're less confident implementing?
- The NQF Guide says "intentional educators move flexibly in and out of different roles" (p 119). What roles do you think the Guide is talking about what roles do you move in and out of?

Critically reflect through the eyes of:	Write your critical reflection below	What changes did you or will you make because of the reflection?
a child	I like showing Miss Bec the things I make and the things I can do. Sometimes she's busy though – cleaning or talking to other educators. (Grayson) I sometimes clean and write learning stories while the children are engaged eg in playing with loose parts.	On a 'walk through' the Service the Nominated Supervisor noticed Miss Bec was not engaging with the children. She mentioned this to the Educational Leader and asked her to reflect with Miss Bec on the way children learn through social interactions and communication ie explore the socio-cultural theories that
an educator	They don't need me to help them do that. When I called in to the Service I saw Miss Bec cleaning and then talking about her weekend with another educator. I'm not sure why I'm paying money to have Grayson 'educated and cared for'?	underpin the MTOP. Miss Bec understood more when they discussed the various intentional teaching strategies — and she now regularly uses them for example, while the children engage with loose parts. She also involves them in some of the cleaning activities to learn life skills
your families		etc.
theorist and current research	 "Intentional educators: recognise that learning occurs in social contexts and that interactions and communication are vitally important for learning use strategies (such as modelling and demonstrating, open-ended questioning, speculating, explaining and engaging in sustained shared conversations)" NQF Guide p 119 	

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through the eyes		make because of the reflection?
of:		
a child		
an educator		
your families		
theorist and		
current research		

Week 4, 20 to 24 February 2023 – 1.2.1 Intentional teaching





Educators use routines and transitions as opportunities for collaborative learning.

Families

Community Links

Examples include

learning about:

- safety road safety, stranger danger, risk assessment
- socially acceptable behaviour in public during excursions
- emotions and feelings
- health and physical wellbeing
- the human body how it works and what it needs
- self-help skills
- sun safety, UV levels, and skin cancer
- healthy/unhealthy food
- sustainability and environmental responsibility

Identifying Road Safety Signs - Mr Jose

Following some family input from Nathaniel's parents this month we are focussing on our road safety. Today during a discussion, we started with identifying road signs that we may see when we are walking or driving with our families.

"Does anyone know what these signs mean?" Mr Jose asked the children. "That one means 40 school zone." Naveah and Casey called out enthusiastically. "And that

means we have to drive no faster than 40km." Issy announced as she showed understanding of the meaning of the symbol. "Great job, everyone that is exactly what those signs mean." Mr Jose told them.

"Does anyone know where we can see the "School Zone" here?" Mr Jose enquired as he drew the children's attention symbols in their environment. "No, we only see them at schools and where there are lots of people walking, like the shops." Ivy told Mr Jose. "You are right Ivy we do see them at the shops, but we have one of the signs right here at the centre too. It is on the road before we get near the school." Mr Jose explained. "How are you more careful at pick up time when there are lots of mums and dads at school? "Only cross at the crossing and never walk behind a parked car" said Carter.

Exceeding – families and community Educators use families' suggestions to support Intentional Teaching. We collect information from family input sheets from which we have implemented road safety, healthy eating, and self-feeding and developed children's literacy and numeracy. We encourage appropriate behaviour and social skills, emotions and feelings. Looking after, caring for and cleaning toys, bugs, cows, waterways, and drains are other examples.

Please note that the above in green can go directly into your QIP or SAT (NSW only).

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Policy Review

Food, Nutrition and Beverage Policy

- Food and drinks provided must be healthy, meet the nutritional and cultural needs of each child and be consistent with the Australian Dietary Guidelines and Infant Feeding Guidelines
- Food will be safely stored and prepared following procedures in the Health, Hygiene and Safe Food Policy
- Children must have access to safe drinking water at all times
- Children who do not eat at mealtimes or are hungry will be provided with food at other times
- Educators will never use food as a reward or punishment
- Services that provide food will display a weekly menu
- Educators will include learning about healthy food options in the curriculum
- Educators will provide healthy food information to families and encourage them to serve healthy food at home
- Bottles of breast milk or formula will be stored and heated safely following the procedure in this policy.

Do you have any feedback or comments about this policy? Please include below		
Educator's Name	Educator's Signature	

Intentional teaching

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Add to your QIP

Instructions If you are happy with a Meeting rating you do not need to answer the Exceeding questions. Note if you can't answer all meeting questions you are not meeting the element, and you need to create an improvement plan and make changes to your practice. If you are striving for an Exceeding rating, we suggest you answer all meeting and exceeding questions. You can copy your answers into your QIP, or SAT (NSW ONLY).

For a MEETING QIP and Self-Assessment Tool (SAT)	For Exceeding the QIP and Self-Assessment Tool (SAT)
Please give a recent example of an activity where you used a range of Intentional Teaching strategies.	Embedded Practice Please give an example of the way you consistently take every opportunity to extend each child's learning through open-ended questions, interactions, feedback and the provision of resources (eg see QIP/SAT Strength example).
Please give an example where you engaged in intentional teaching spontaneously during an	Critical Reflection Please explain how your Intentional Teaching practices
activity/play.	connect to the Service Philosophy.
Please give an example showing the way you intentionally teach children about diversity or	Engagement with families and community Please give an example of a time you've used your
Indigenous/First Nations culture.	families' suggestions to support Intentional Teaching.

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